DPH020030 - BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY - THEORY

75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on the study of structure and functions of biomolecules and the chemical processes associated with living cells in normal and abnormal states. The course also emphasizes on the clinical pathology of blood and urine.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following at the fundamental level

- 1. Structure and functions of biomolecules
- 2. Catalytic activity, diagnostic and therapeutic importance of enzymes
- 3. Metabolic pathways of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders)
- 4. Biochemical principles of organ function tests and their clinical significance
- 5. Qualitative and quantitative determination of biomolecules / metabolites in the biological sample
- 6. Clinical pathology of blood and urine

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the functions of biomolecules
- 2. Discuss the various functions of enzymes in the human system
- 3. Explain the metabolic pathways of biomolecules in both physiological and pathological conditions
- 4. Describe the principles of organ function tests and their clinical significances
- 5. Determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biological samples, both qualitatively and quantitatively
- 6. Describe the clinical pathology of blood and urine

Chapter	Торіс	Hours
1	Introduction to biochemistry: Scope of biochemistry in pharmacy; Cell and its	2
	biochemical organization.	
2	Carbohydrates	5
	 Definition, classification with examples, chemical properties 	
	 Monosaccharides - Structure of glucose, fructose, and galactose 	
	 Disaccharides - structure of maltose, lactose, and sucrose 	
	 Polysaccharides - chemical nature of starch and glycogen 	
	 Qualitative tests and biological role of carbohydrates 	
3	Proteins	5
	• Definition, classification of proteins based on composition and solubility with examples	
	• Definition, classification of amino acids based on chemical nature and nutritional requirements with examples	
	• Structure of proteins (four levels of organization of protein structure)	
	 Qualitative tests and biological role of proteins and amino acids 	
	 Diseases related to malnutrition of proteins. 	
4	Lipids	5
	Definition, classification with examples	
	 Structure and properties of triglycerides (oils and fats) 	
	• Fatty acid classification - Based on chemical and nutritional requirements with	
	• examples	
	 Structure and functions of cholesterol in the body 	
	 Lipoproteins - types, composition and functions in the body 	
	Qualitative tests and functions of lipids	
5	Nucleic acids	4
	1. Definition, purine and pyrimidine bases	

	 Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), DNA and their functions 	
6	5. Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), KNA and their functions	5
U	Definition properties and IUB and MB classification	5
	Eactors affecting enzyme activity	
	 Machanism of action of onzymes. Enzyme inhibitors 	
	 Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of enzymes 	
7	Vitamins	6
	Definition and classification with examples	Ŭ
	Sources chemical nature functions coenzyme form recommended	
	dietary requirements, deficiency diseases of fat-and water-soluble	
	vitamins	
8	Metabolism (Study of cycle/pathways without chemical structures)	20
	Metabolism of Carbohydrates: Glycolysis, TCA cycle and glycogen	
	metabolism, regulation of blood glucose level. Diseases related to	
	abnormal metabolism of	
	Carbohydrates	
	 Metabolism of lipids: Lipolysis, β-oxidation of Fatty acid (Palmitic acid) 	
	ketogenesis and ketolysis. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of	
	lipids such as Ketoacidosis, Fatty liver, Hypercholesterolemia	
	• Metabolism of Amino acids (Proteins): General reactions of amino acids	
	and its significance– Transamination, deamination, Urea cycle and	
	decarboxylation. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of amino	
	acids, Disorders of ammonia metabolism, phenylketonuria, alkaptonuria	
	and Jaundice.	
	Biological oxidation: Electron transport chain and Oxidative	
	phosphorylation	
9	Minerals: Types, Functions, Deficiency diseases, recommended dietary	5
	requirements	
10	Water and Electrolytes	5
	 Distribution, functions of water in the body 	
	Water turnover and balance	
	• Electrolyte composition of the body fluids, Dietaryintake of electrolyte	
	and Electrolyte balance	
	Dehydration, causes of dehydration and oral rehydration therapy	
11	Introduction to Biotechnology	1
12	Organ function tests	6
	Functions of kidney and routinely performed tests to assess the functions	
	of kidney and their clinical significances	
	Functions of liver and routinely performed tests to assess the functions	
	of liver and their clinical significances	
	Lipid profile tests and its clinical significances	
13	Introduction to Pathology of Blood and Urine	6
	Lymphocytes and Platelets, their role in health and disease	
	 Erythrocytes - Abnormal cells and their significance 	
	 Normal and Abnormal constituents of Urine and their significance 	

DPH020030 - BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY – PRACTICAL

50 Hours (2 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students in the qualitative testing of various biomolecules and testing of biological samples for determination of normal and abnormal constituents

Course Objectives: This course will train and provide hands-on experiences on the following

- 1. Qualitative determination of biomolecules / metabolites in simulated biological samples
- 2. Determination of normal and abnormal constituents of simulated blood and urine samples

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Qualitatively determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biological samples
- 2. Determine the normal and abnormal constituents in blood and urine samples and interpret the results of such testing

Practicals

- 1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (4 experiments)
- 2. Qualitative analysis of Proteins and amino acids (4 experiments)
- 3. Qualitative analysis of lipids (2 experiments)
- 4. Qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents (4 experiments)
- 5. Determination of constituents of urine (glucose, creatinine, chlorides) (2 experiments)
- 6. Determination of constituents of blood/serum (simulated) (Creatine, glucose, cholesterol, Calcium, Urea, SGOT/SGPT) (5 experiments)
- 7. Study the hydrolysis of starch from acid and salivary amylase enzyme (1 experiment)

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on Various Pathology Lab Reports (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

Recommended Books

- 1. Essentials of Biochemistry by U. Satyanarayana, Books and Allied (P) Ltd.
- 2. A Textbook of Biochemistry by A.V.S.S. Rama Rao, UBS Publishers' Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Practical Biochemistry by R.C. Gupta and S. Bhargava.
- 4. Laboratory manual of Biochemistry by Pattabiraman and Sitaram Acharya